# STATE OF MISSOURI

# DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

## MISSOURI CLEAN WATER COMMISSION



# MISSOURI STATE OPERATING PERMIT

In compliance with the Missouri Clean Water Law, (Chapter 644 R.S. Mo. as amended, hereinafter, the Law), and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Public Law 92-500, 92<sup>nd</sup> Congress) as amended,

Permit No.:	MO-0082945							
Owner: Address:	Johnson Co. Public Water Supply District #3 106 SE 421 Rd., Warrensburg, MO 64093							
Continuing Authority: Address:	Same as above							
Facility Name: Address:	Johnson Co. PWSD #3, Hickory Hills Subdivision - North Lagoon 106 SE 421 Rd., Warrensburg, MO 64093							
Legal Description:	E ½, NW ¼, Sec. 34, T46N, R25W, Johnson County							
forth herein:  FACILITY DESCRIPTION  Outfall #001 - Subdivision - Two cell lagoon/sludge is ret. Design population equivalent	ained in lagoon. is 292.							
	per day4 dry tons/year.							
September 2, 2005 Effective Date	Doyle Childers, Director, Department of Natural Resources Executive Secretary, Clean Water Commission							
September 1, 2010 Expiration Date MO 780-0041 (10-93)	Karl Fett, Interm Director, Kansas City Regional Office							

#### PAGE NUMBER 2 of 4

#### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

PERMIT NUMBER MO-0082945

The permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) with serial number(s) as specified in the application for this permit. The final effluent limitations shall become effective upon issuance and remain in effect until expiration of the permit. Such discharges shall be controlled, limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

		FINAL EFF	FLUENT LIMI	TATIONS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
OUTFALL NUMBER AND EFFLUENT PARAMETER(S)	UNITS	DAILY MAXIMUM	WEEKLY AVERAGE	MONTHLY AVERAGE	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Outfall #001						
Flow	MGD	*		*	once/month	24 hr. estimate
Biochemical Oxygen Demands**	mg/L		65	45	once/month	grab
Total Suspended Solids**	mg/L		110	70	once/month	grab
pH - Units	SU	***		***	once/month	grab

Ammonia Nitrogen as N	mg/L	*	*	once/quarter***	grab
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	*	*	once/quarter***	grab
Temperature	°F	*	*	once/quarter***	grab
pH - Units	SU	***	***	once/quarter***	grab

MONITORING REPORTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED MONTHLY; THE FIRST REPORT IS DUE October 28, 2005. THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR VISIBLE FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

#### **B. STANDARD CONDITIONS**

IN ADDITION TO SPECIFIED CONDITIONS STATED HEREIN, THIS PERMIT IS SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED  $\underline{\texttt{Parts}}\ \underline{\texttt{I}},\ \underline{\texttt{II}}\ \underline{\texttt{E}}$  STANDARD CONDITIONS DATED  $\underline{\texttt{October}}\ 1,\ 1980$  and  $\underline{\texttt{August}}\ 15,\ 1994$ , AND HEREBY INCORPORATED AS THOUGH FULLY SET FORTH HEREIN.

MO 780-0010 (8/91)

#### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (continued)

- \* Monitoring requirement only.
- \*\* This facility is required to meet a removal efficiency of 65% or more.
- \*\*\* pH is measured in pH units and is not to be averaged. The pH is to be maintained at or above 6.0 pH units.
- \*\*\*\* Once sample per month during the months of March, June, August, and October.

## Note 1 (Outfall 001) <u>RECEIVING WATER MONITORING CONDITIONS</u>

- 1. Downstream samples should be taken immediately (10 yards or less) below the established mixing zone of ¼ mile downstream of outfall 001. In the event that a safe, accessible location is not present at this location, a suitable location can be negotiated with the department. Samples should be taken at least four feet from the bank or from the middle of the stream (whichever is less) and 6-inches below the surface. The upstream receiving water sample should be collected at a point upstream from any influence of the effluent, where the water is visibly flowing down stream.
- 2. When conducting in-stream monitoring, the permittee shall record observations that include: the time of day, weather conditions, unusual stream/lake characteristics (e.g., septic conditions, algae growth, etc.), the stream segment (e.g., riffle, pool

or run) or the lake depth from where the sample was collected. These observations shall be submitted with the sample results.

- 3. Samples shall not be collected from areas with especially turbulent flow, still water or from the stream bank, unless these conditions are representative of the stream reach or no other areas are available for sample collection. Sampling should not be made when significant precipitation has occurred recently. The sampling event should be terminated and rescheduled if any of the following conditions occur:
- If turbidity in the stream increases notably; or
- If rainfall over the past two weeks exceeds 2.5 inches or exceeds 1 inch in the last 24 hours
- 4. Always use the correct sampling technique and handling procedure specified for the parameter of interest. Please refer to the latest edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater for further discussion of proper sampling techniques. All analyses must be conducted in accordance with an approved EPA method. Meters shall be calibrated immediately (within 1 hour) prior to the sampling event.
- 5. To obtain accurate measurements, D.O., temperature and pH analyses should be performed onsite in the receiving stream where possible. However, due to high flow conditions, access, etc., it may be necessary to collect a sample in a bucket or other container. When this is necessary, care must be taken not to aerate the sample upon collection. If for any reason samples must be collected from an alternate site from the one listed in the permit, the permittee shall report the location with the sample results.
- 6. Dissolved oxygen measurements are to be taken during the period from one hour prior to sunrise to one and one-half hour after sunrise.
- 7. If water quality standards are being attained consistently during a three-year period, the department will confirm the results with an assessment. If the assessment verifies that water quality standards are being achieved, the permit requirement for in-stream monitoring will be removed.
- 8. Please contact the department if you need additional instructions or assistance.
- 9. All the parameters should be sampled on the same day and within no more than 2-hours period.

#### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit may be reopened and modified, or alternatively revoked and reissued, to:
  - (a) Comply with any applicable effluent standard or limitation issued or approved under Sections 301(b)(2)(C) and (D), 304(b)(2), and 307(a) (2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent standard or limitation so issued or approved:
    - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
    - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
  - (b) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions, if the result of a waste load allocation study, toxicity test or other information indicates changes are necessary to assure compliance with Missouri's Water Quality Standards.
  - (c) Incorporate new or modified effluent limitations or other conditions if, as the result of a watershed analysis, a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) limitation is developed for the receiving waters which are currently included in Missouri's list of waters of the state not fully achieving the state's water quality standards, also called the 303(d) list.
- The permit as modified or reissued under this paragraph shall also contain any other requirements of the Clean Water Act then applicable.
- 2. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.

#### C. SPECIAL CONDITIONS (continued)

- 4. All outfalls must be clearly marked in the field.
- 5. Report as no-discharge when a discharge does not occur during the report period.
- 6. General Criteria. The following water quality criteria shall be applicable to all waters of the state at all times including mixing zones. No water contaminant, by itself or in combination with other substances, shall prevent the waters of the state from meeting the following conditions:
  - (a) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause the formation of putrescent, unsightly or harmful bottom deposits or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (b) Waters shall be free from oil, scum and floating debris in sufficient amounts to be unsightly or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (c) Waters shall be free from substances in sufficient amounts to cause unsightly color or turbidity, offensive odor or prevent full maintenance of beneficial uses;
  - (d) Waters shall be free from substances or conditions in sufficient amounts to result in toxicity to human, animal or aquatic life;
  - (e) There shall be no significant human health hazard from incidental contact with the water;
  - (f) There shall be no acute toxicity to livestock or wildlife watering;
  - (g) Waters shall be free from physical, chemical or hydrologic changes that would impair the natural biological community;
  - (h) Waters shall be free from used tires, car bodies, appliances, demolition debris, used vehicles or equipment and solid waste as defined in Missouri's Solid Waste Law, section 260.200, RSMo, except as the use of such materials is specifically permitted pursuant to section 260.200-260.247.
- 7. Sludge and Biosolids Use For Domestic Wastewater Treatment Facilities
  - (a) Permittee shall comply with the pollutant limitations, monitoring, reporting, and other requirements in accordance with the attached permit Standard Conditions.
  - (b) Permittee is authorized to land apply biosolids that are removed from the domestic wastewater treatment lagoon during lagoon clean-out and maintenance activities. Permit Standard Conditions, Part III shall apply to the land application of biosolids. Permittee shall notify the department at least 180 days prior to the planned removal of biosolids from the lagoon. The department may require submittal of a biosolids management plan for department review and approval as determined appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

#### D. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

By January 31, 2007 complete an engineering study to determine if this facility is impacting the water quality of the receiving stream.